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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/505,399	08/19/2004	Ioannis Alexander Avramis	ON/4-32344A	7262
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NOVARTIS CORPORATE	INTELLECTUAL PRO	OPERTY	FISHER, ABIGAIL L	
ONE HEALTH PLAZA 104/3 EAST HANOVER, NJ 07936-1080			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/505,399	AVRAMIS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	ABIGAIL FISHER	4173				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I.  lely filed  the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 Ja	nuary 2008.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1.5-10 and 14 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5-9 is/are withdrawn for the ap 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1.10 and 14 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date February 28 2005.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

Receipt of Amendments and Remarks filed on January 3 2008 is acknowledged.

Claims 2-4 and 11-13 were cancelled. Claims 1 and 10 were amended. Claims 1, 5-10 and 14 are pending.

# Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed February 28 2007, items AR, AT, and DA-DF, fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I in the reply filed on January 3 2008 is acknowledged. Claims 1, 5-10 and 14 are pending in the application. Claims 5-9 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on January 3 2008. Accordingly, claims 1, 10 and 14 are being examined on the merits herein.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Applicant Claims
- 2. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 3. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue, and resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 10, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Thiesing et al. (Blood, 2000) in view Estey et al. (Blood, 1999).

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### Applicant Claims

Applicant claims a combination of an ATP competitive inhibitor of c-abl kinase activity (N-(5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazino-methyl)-benzoylamido]-2-methylphenyl]-4-(3-pyridyl-2-pyrimidine-amine or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof) and two or more other antineoplastic agents selected from Idarubicine, Fludarabine, and Ara-C. The other antineoplastic agents are independently present in free form or as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt.

Applicant claims a pharmaceutical composition comprising claims a combination of an ATP competitive inhibitor of c-abl kinase activity (N-(5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazino-methyl)-benzoylamido]-2-methylphenyl]-4-(3-pyridyl-2-pyrimidine-amine) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof) and two or more other antineoplastic agents selected from Idarubicine, Fludarabine, and Ara-C. The other antineoplastic agents are independently present in free form or as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt. Optionally added is at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Applicant claims a commercial package comprising an ATP competitive inhibitor of c-abl kinase activity and two or more other antineoplastic agents. The active agents are independently present in free form or as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt.

Determination of the Scope and Content of the Prior Art (MPEP §2141.01)

Thiesing et al. (Blood, 2000) is directed to the efficacy of STI-571. It is indicated that in chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) there are an excess of myleoid cells.

These cells differentiate and function as normal. During the progression of the disease there results a loss of terminal differentiation and the disease terminate in an acute

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leukemia known as blast crisis. This blast crisis is usually of the myeloid phenotype (aka acute myeloid leukemia or AML) (first paragraph). N-(5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazino-methyl)-benzoylamido]-2-methylphenyl]-4-(3-pyridyl-2-pyrimidine-amine) (also known as STI-571) was tested with several other antileukemic agents including daunorubicin and ara-c. Table 1 indicates that a combination of STI-571 and daunorubicin or ara-c respectively resulted in a substantial decrease in the IC60s when compared to STI-571 alone. Idarubicin is a known analog of daunorubicin, as evidenced by the Merck Index. STI-571 was dissolved in a sterile-phosphate-buffered saline. Ara-C and daunorubicin were dissolved in water (page 3195, Reagents). Both saline and water are acceptable pharmaceutical carriers.

Estey et al. is directed to a Phase II study of active agents in treating AML. One drug combination that is disclosed is FAI (fludarabine, ara-C and idarubicin) (table 1). The dosages of these drugs were given on sequential days (page 2479, left column 2nd paragraph).

# Ascertainment of the Difference Between Scope the Prior Art and the Claims (MPEP §2141.012)

Theising et al. does not disclose a combination therapy of STI-571 and FAI. For this reason Estey is relied upon.

Theising et al. does not disclose a commercial package comprising an ATP competitive inhibitor of c-abl kinase activity and two or more other antineoplastic agents.

Finding of Prima Facie Obviousness Rational and Motivation (MPEP §2142-2143)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine STI-571 and FAI into combination chemotherapy. One of ordinary skill in the art would have a reasonable expectation of success as Theising et al. teaches that combinations of STI-571 and ara-c or daunorubicin (an idarubicin analog) respectively, were already known to produce synergistic results. Additionally, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary to include anti-neoplastic agents that are known to treat AML because it was known in the art that CML exhibits the same type of blast crisis that is seen in AML. Therefore one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation that a combination of STI-571 and FAI would exhibit at least an additive effect.

As a general principle it is *prima facie* obvious to combine two compositions each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose, in order to form a third composition to be used for the very same purpose, the idea of combining them flows logically from their having been individually taught in the prior art. See *In re Kerkhoven*, 626 F.2d 846, 850, 205 USPQ 1069, 1072 (CCPA 1980) **MPEP 2144.06.** 

Absent any unexpected results, and based upon the teachings of the prior art, there would have been a reasonable expectation of success in practicing the instantly claimed invention.

Further, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to package the drug in a commercial package. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because these drugs will utilized together and therefore it would be obvious to provide them in a package that would result in them being kept together.

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The combined packaging would provide for easier commercial sale, a customer only has to purchase one package as opposed to several. This would result in a bigger appeal to the customer because of the ease of purchasing this particular combination therapy.

#### Other Matters

Claims 1 and 10 as written includes the phrase "selected from ". Proper Markush language is "selected from the group consisting of". The examiner suggests rewording the claim to include the Markush language.

Applicant has indicated synergistic results. The table in example 1, which is drawn to one particular active combination, indicates that a synergistic is effect is seen only with ED50 and ED70 concentrations. However, the ED90 concentration is merely additive. Example 3, which is drawn to a different active combination, indicates that a synergistic effect is seen with ED50, ED70 and ED90 concentrations. This indicates that at certain concentrations there is an additive effect while at other concentrations there is a synergistic or antagonist effect. Theising et al. indicate that a synergistic effect is seen with STI-571 and ara-c or daunorubicin (an idarubicin analog) respectively, at IC60 concentrations. Therefore applicant would have to compare STI-571 and two or more other antineoplastic agents to the synergistic effect seen with STI-571 and ara-c or idarubicin respectively. This would indicate that there is a synergistic response seen with STI-471 and two or more other antineoplastic agents and not merely additive to the known synergistic response seen with STI-571 and one other

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antineoplastic agent such as ara-c and daunorubicin (an idarubicin analog). Therefore

the currently presented claims are not commensurate in scope with the purported

"unexpected results".

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ABIGAIL FISHER whose telephone number is (571)270-

3502. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 9am-6pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann Richter can be reached on 571-272-0646. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

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system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SHARMILA GOLLAMUDI LANDAU PRIMARY EXAMINER

In late landar

Abigail Fisher Examiner Art Unit 1616

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